# Coads Green Primary School Knowledge and Skills Organiser Religious Education



#### **Purpose of Study**

At Coads Green Primary School, we follow the 2020 Cornwall Agreed Syllabus which has been created for Cornwall SACRE and approved by Cornwall Council. It provides a syllabus for RE which explains the value and purposes of RE for all pupils and specifies for teachers what shall be taught in each age group. It provides a coherent framework for setting high standards of learning in RE and enabling pupils to reach their potential in the subject.

The Cornwall Agreed Syllabus 2020 asserts the importance and value of religious education (RE) for all pupils, with on-going benefits for an open, articulate and understanding society. The following purpose statements underpin the syllabus, which is constructed to support pupils and teachers in fulfilling them:

- Religious education contributes dynamically to children and young people's education in schools by provoking challenging questions about meaning and purpose in life, beliefs about God, ultimate reality, issues of right and wrong and what it means to be human.
- > In RE pupils learn about religions and beliefs in local, national and global contexts, to discover, explore and consider different answers to these questions.
- > Pupils learn to weigh up the value of wisdom from different sources, to develop and express their insights in response and to agree or disagree respectfully.
- > Teaching therefore should equip pupils with systematic knowledge and understanding of a range of religions and beliefs, enabling them to develop their ideas, values and identities.
- > RE should develop in pupils an aptitude for dialogue so that they can participate positively in our society, with its diverse religions and beliefs.
- Pupils should gain and deploy the skills needed to understand, interpret and evaluate texts, sources of wisdom and authority and other evidence. They should learn to articulate clearly and coherently their personal beliefs, ideas, values and experiences while respecting the right of others to differ.

The threefold aim of RE elaborates the principal aim.

The curriculum for RE aims to ensure that all pupils:

- 1. make sense of a range of religious and non-religious beliefs, so that they can:
  - > identify, describe, explain and analyse beliefs and concepts in the context of living religions, using appropriate vocabulary
  - > explain how and why these beliefs are understood in different ways, by individuals and within communities

recognise how and why sources of authority (e.g. texts, teachings, traditions, leaders) are used, expressed and interpreted in different ways, developing skills of interpretation

#### 2. understand the impact and significance of religious and non-religious beliefs, so that they can:

- > examine and explain how and why people express their beliefs in diverse ways
- recognise and account for ways in which people put their beliefs into action in diverse ways, in their everyday lives, within their communities and in the wider world
- appreciate and appraise the significance of different ways of life and ways of expressing meaning

#### 3. make connections between religious and non-religious beliefs, concepts, practices and ideas studied, so that they can:

- > evaluate, reflect on and enquire into key concepts and questions studied, responding thoughtfully and creatively, giving good reasons for their responses
- > challenge the ideas studied, and allow the ideas studied to challenge their own thinking, articulating beliefs, values and commitments clearly in response
- discern possible connections between the ideas studied and their own ways of understanding the world, expressing their critical responses and personal reflections with increasing clarity and understanding

At Coads Green Primary, we use the 'Understanding Christianity' resource from RE Today to ensure we are meeting the requirements of the agreed syllabus with regard to the teaching of Christianity. As a Cornish school, we have incorporated the statutory units from the Curriculum Kernewek.

#### **Capabilities Curriculum**

The Capabilities Curriculum is a creative curriculum which measures social and emotional capabilities which improve children's learning, valuing the development of the whole child and preparing them for the future.

An Daras Trust have chosen to adopt a curriculum framework informed by pupil's social and emotional well-being. The class capability scores are used to inform a teachers approach to the lesson, which will help growth in these valuable characteristics.

These capabilities are evidenced as being necessary for future success, and by measuring them we are placing real value on them. There are 7 capability strands: Managing feelings, Confidence, Communication, Relationships and Leadership, Planning and Problem-Solving Creativity, Resilience and Determination

#### Metacognition

Metacognition describes the processes involved when learners plan, monitor, evaluate and make changes to their own learning – the thinking about their thinking. Pupils are given opportunity to understand their own cognitive abilities, knowledge of tasks and strategies that could be used to support their learning. Pupils are also encouraged to self-reflect.

### **Diversity**

All children will learn about different cultures, religions and how people of different races live in modern society

## **EYFS**

Children in EYFS should encounter religious and non-religious worldviews through special people, books, times, places and objects and by visiting places of worship. They should listen to and talk about stories. Children can be introduced to subject-specific words and use all their senses to explore beliefs, practices and forms of expression. They ask questions and reflect on their own feelings and experiences. They use their imagination and curiosity to develop their appreciation of, and wonder at, the world in which they live. RE can provide many opportunities for pupils, through planned, purposeful play and through a mix of adult-led and child-initiated activity.

#### **EYFS Areas of Learning codes**

PSED- Making Relationships PSED(MR)

PSED- Self-Confidence and Self-Awareness PSED(SC&SA)

PSED- Managing Feelings and Behaviour PSED(MF&B)

CAL- Listening and Attention CAL(L&A)

CAL- Understanding CAL(U)

CAL- Speaking CAL(S)

PD- Moving and Handling PD(M&H)

PD- Health and Self-Care PD(H&SC)

L-Reading L(R)

L-Writing L(W)

M-Numbers M(N)

M-Shape, Space and Measure

M(SSM) UW- People and Communities UW(P&C)

UW- The World UW(TW)

UW- Technology UW(T)

EAD- Exploring and Using Media and Materials EAD(EUMM)

EAD- Being Imaginative EAD(BI)

=, 12	27 B Doing imaginative 27 (B/B)						
Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2		
Unit F4: Being	Unit F2: Why is	Unit F1: Why is the	Unit F3: Why is	Unit F5: Which	Unit F6: Which		
Special: where do	Christmas special for	word God special to	Easter special to	places are	stories are special		
we belong?	Christians?	Christians?	Christians?	special and	and why?		
				why?			

Knowledge  Making Sense Understanding Impact Making Connections	Retell religious stories making connections with personal experiences CAL(S)     Recall simply what happens at a traditional Christian infant baptism and dedication UW(P&C)     Recall simply what happens when a baby is welcomed into a religion other than Christianity. UW(P&C)	Recall simply what happens at a traditional Christian festival (Christmas) UW(P&C)     Begin to recognise the word 'incarnation' as describing the belief that God came to Earth as Jesus CAL (S)     Retell religious stories	Retell stories, talking about what they say about the world, God, human beings CAL (U)     Say how and when Christians like to thank their Creator UW(P&C)	Recognise and retell stories connected with celebration of Easter UW(P&C)     Say why Easter is a special time for Christians UW(P&C) Recognise some symbols Christians use during Holy Week, e.g. palm leaves, cross, eggs, etc UW(P&C)     Talk about some ways Christians remember these stories at Easter UW (P&C)	• Recognise that some religious people have places which have special meaning for them UW(P&C) • Talk about the things that are special and valued in a place of worship UW(P&C) Begin to recognise that for Christians, Muslims or Jews, these special things link to beliefs about God CAL(U)	Talk about some religious stories CAL(U)     Recognise some religious words, e.g. about God CAL(S)     Identify a sacred text e.g. Bible, Torah UW(TW)
Skills	Re-tell religious stories making connections with personal experiences CAL (S) Share and record occasions when things have happened in their lives that made them feel special UW(P&C)	Talk about people who are special to them UW (P&C)     Say what makes their family and friends special to them UW (P&C)     Retell religious stories, making connections with personal experiences. CAL (S)	Talk about things they find interesting, puzzling or wonderful and also about their own experiences and feelings about the world PSED(SC&SC)     Retell stories, talking about what they say about the world, God, human beings CAL(U)     Think about the wonders of the natural world, expressing ideas and feelings CAL(S)     Talk about what people do to mess up	Talk about ideas of new life in nature UW(TW)     Recognise some symbols Christians use during Holy Week, e.g. palm leaves, cross, eggs, etc., UW(P&C) and make connections with signs of new life in nature UW(TW)	<ul> <li>Talk about somewhere that is special to themselves, saying why CAL(S)</li> <li>Get to know and use appropriate words to talk about their thoughts and feelings when visiting a church CAL(S)</li> <li>Express a personal</li> </ul>	Identify some of their own feelings in the stories they hear PSED(SC&SA)     Talk about some of the things these stories teach believers (for example, what Jesus teaches about being friends with the friendless in the story of Zacchaeus; what Jesus' story about the ten lepers teaches about saying 'thank you', and why it is

			the world and what they do to look after it. UW(TW)		response to the natural world. CAL(S) UW(TW)	good to thank and be thanked; what the Chanukah story teaches Jews about standing up for what is right), etc. PSED(MF&B)
Year A 1+2	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
	Unit 1.10 What does it mean to belong to a faith community?	Unit 1.1 What do Christians believe God is like?	Unit 1.7 Who is Jewish and how do they live?		Unit 1.2 Who do Christians say made the world?	Unit 1.9 How should we care for the world and others and why does it matter?
Knowledge	Recognise that loving	Identify what a	Recognise the words of the Shema as a		Retell the	Give an example of
	others is important in	parable is	Jewish prayer		story of	a key belief some
Making Sense			<ul> <li>Retell simply some sto</li> </ul>	ories used in Jewish	creation from	people find in one of
Understanding Impact	<ul> <li>Say simply what</li> </ul>	Lost Son from the Bible	<ul><li>celebrations (e.g. Chanukah)</li><li>Give examples of how the stories used in</li></ul>		Genesis 1:1–2:3	these stories (e.g.
Making	Jesus and one other	simply and recognise a			simply	that God loves all
Connections	religious leader	link with the Christian	celebrations (e.g. Shabb		<ul> <li>Recognise</li> </ul>	people)
	taught about loving	idea of God as a	remind Jews about wha		that 'Creation'	<ul> <li>Give a clear, simple</li> </ul>
	other people	forgiving Father	<ul> <li>Give examples of how</li> </ul>	• •	is the beginning	account of what
	<ul> <li>Identify at least two</li> </ul>	Give clear, simple	celebrate special times	(e.g. Shabbat, Sukkot,	of the 'big story'	Genesis 1 tells
	ways people show	accounts of what the	Chanukah)		of the Bible	Christians and Jews
	they love each other	story means to	Give an example of ho		<ul> <li>Say what the</li> </ul>	about the natural
	and belong to each	Christians	people might remembe		story tells	world
	other when they get	Give at least two	ways (e.g. mezuzah, on	Shabbat)	Christians about	Give an example of
	married (Christian	examples of a way in			God, Creation	how people show
	and/or Jewish and	which Christians show			and the world	that they care for
	non-religious)	their belief in God as			Give at least	others (e.g. by giving
		loving and forgiving (e.g.			one example of	to charity), making a
		by saying sorry, by			what Christians	link to one of the
		seeing God as			do to say 'thank	stories

		welcoming them back; by forgiving others) • Give an example of how Christians put their beliefs into practice in worship (e.g. by saying sorry to God)		you' to God for Creation	• Give examples of how Christians and Jews can show care for the natural earth
Skills	• Give an account of what happens at a traditional Christian and Jewish or Muslim welcome ceremony, and suggest what the actions and symbols mean Give examples of ways in which people express their identity and belonging within faith communities and other communities, responding sensitively to differences • Talk about what they think is good about being in a community, for people in faith communities and for themselves, giving a good reason for their ideas.	Think, talk and ask questions about whether they can learn anything from the story for themselves, exploring different ideas     Give a reason for the ideas they have and the connections they make.	<ul> <li>Give examples of how the stories used in celebrations (e.g. Shabbat, Chanukah) remind Jews about what God is like</li> <li>Make links between Jewish ideas of God found in the stories and how people live</li> <li>Talk about what they think is good about reflecting, thanking, praising and remembering for Jewish people, giving a good reason for their ideas</li> <li>Give a good reason for their ideas about whether reflecting, thanking, praising and remembering have something to say to them too.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Think, talk and ask questions about living in an amazing world</li> <li>Give a reason for the ideas they have and the connections they make between the Jewish/Christian Creation story and the world they live in</li> </ul>	Identify a story or text that says something about each person being unique and valuable  • Think, talk and ask questions about what difference believing in God makes to how people treat each other and the natural world  • Give good reasons why everyone (religious and non-religious) should care for others and look after the natural world.

Year B 1+2	Autumn 1 Unit 1.6 Who is a Muslim and how do they live?	Autumn 2 Unit 1.3 Why does Christmas matter to Christians?	Spring 1 Unit 1.6 Who is a Muslim and how do they live? (part 2)	Spring 2 Unit 1.5 Why does Easter matter to Christians?	Summer 1 Unit 1.4 What is the 'good news@ Christians believe Jesus brings?	Summer 2 Unit 1.8 (Curriculum Kernrwek CK4RE) What makes some places sacred to believers?
Knowledge  Making Sense Understanding Impact Making Connections	Recognise the words of the Shahadah and that it is very important for Muslims Identify some of the key Muslim beliefs about God found in the Shahadah and the 99 names of Allah, and give a simple description of what some of them mean Give examples of how stories about the Prophet show what Muslims believe about Muhammad Give examples of how Muslims use stories about the	Recognise that stories of Jesus' life come from the Gospels  • Give a clear, simple account of the story of Jesus' birth and why Jesus is important for Christians  • Give examples of ways in which Christians use the story of the Nativity to guide their beliefs and actions at Christmas	<ul> <li>Recognise the words of the Shahadah and that it is very important for Muslims</li> <li>Identify some of the key Muslim beliefs about God found in the Shahadah and the 99 names of Allah, and give a simple description of what some of them mean</li> <li>Give examples of how stories about the Prophet show what Muslims believe about Muhammad Give examples of how Muslims put their beliefs about prayer into action</li> </ul>	Recognise that Incarnation and Salvation are part of a 'big story' of the Bible Tell stories of Holy Week and Easter from the Bible and recognise a link with the idea of Salvation (Jesus rescuing people) Give at least three examples of how Christians show their beliefs about Jesus' death and resurrection in church worship at Easter	Tell stories from the Bible and recognise a link with the concept of 'Gospel' or 'good news' • Give clear, simple accounts of what Bible texts (such as the story of Matthew the tax collector) mean to Christians • Recognise that Jesus gives instructions to people about how to behave	Recognise that there are special people and places in Cornwall that are sacred to believers  Identify at least three sacred/ holy places in Cornwall and give a simple account of how they are used, why they are important and what do people do there.  Re-tell a story about a Cornish Saint  Give examples of stories, objects, symbols and actions used in churches,

	Prophet to guide their beliefs and actions (e.g. care for creation, fast in Ramadan) • Talk about what they think is good for Muslims about prayer, respect, celebration and self-control, giving a good reason for their ideas		Talk about what they think is good for Muslims about prayer, respect, celebration and self-control, giving a good reason for their ideas		Give at least two examples of ways in which Christians follow the teachings studied about forgiveness and peace, and bringing good news to the friendless • Give at least two examples of how Christians put these beliefs into practice in the Church community and their own lives (for example: charity,	which show what people believe • Talk about what makes some places special to people in Cornwall
Skills	Give examples of	Think, talk and ask	Give examples of how	Tell stories of Holy	confession) Tell stories from	Re-tell a story about a
SKIIIS	<ul> <li>Give examples of how Muslims use the Shahadah to show what matters to them</li> <li>Give examples of how Muslims use stories about the Prophet to guide their beliefs and actions</li> </ul>	questions about Christmas for people who are Christians and for people who are not • Decide what they personally have to be thankful for, giving a reason for their ideas	Give examples of how Muslims use the Shahadah to show what matters to them  • Give examples of how Muslims use stories about the Prophet to guide their beliefs and actions	Week and Easter from the Bible and recognise a link with the idea of Salvation (Jesus rescuing people) Think, talk and ask questions about	the Bible and recognise a link with the concept of 'Gospel' or 'good news' Think, talk and ask questions	Re-tell a story about a Cornish Saint and connect this story to the local history • Think, talk and ask good questions about what happens in a sacred place saying what they think about

	(e.g. care for creation, fast in Ramadan) Think, talk about and ask questions about Muslim beliefs and ways of living • Talk about what they think is good for Muslims about prayer, respect, celebration and self-control, giving a good reason for their ideas		(e.g. care for creation, fast in Ramadan) Think, talk about and ask questions about Muslim beliefs and ways of living • Give a good reason for their ideas about whether prayer, respect, celebration and self-control have something to say to them too.	whether the story of Easter only has something to say to Christians, or if it has anything to say to pupils about sadness, hope or heaven, exploring different ideas and giving a good reason for their ideas.	about whether Jesus' 'good news' is only good news for Christians, or if there are things for anyone to learn about how to live, giving a good reason for their ideas	these questions, giving good reasons for their ideas Talk about what makes some places special to people in Cornwall and what the difference is between religious and non-religious special places.
Year A 3+4	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
	Unit L2.1 What do Christians learn from the Creation story?	Unit L2.2 What is it like for someone to follow God?	Unit L2.9 How do festivals and worship show what matters to Muslim?	Unit L2.10 How do festivals and family life show what matters to Jewish people?	Unit L2.4 What kind of world did Jesus want?	Unit L2.12 How and why do people make the world a better place?
Knowledge  Making Sense Understanding Impact Making Connections	<ul> <li>Place the concepts of God and Creation on a timeline of the Bible's 'big story'</li> <li>Recognise that the story of 'the Fall' in Genesis 3 gives an explanation of why things go wrong in the world</li> </ul>	Make clear links between the story of Noah and the idea of covenant • Make simple links between promises in the story of Noah and promises that Christians make at a wedding ceremony	<ul> <li>Identify some beliefs about God in Islam, expressed in Surah 1</li> <li>Make clear links between beliefs about God and ibadah (e.g. how God is worth worshiping; how Muslims submit to God)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Identify some         Jewish beliefs         about God, sin and         forgiveness and         describe what they         mean             Offer informed             suggestions about         the meaning of the             Exodus story for             Jews today</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Identify texts that come from a Gospel, which tells the story of the life and teaching of Jesus</li> <li>Give examples of how Christians try to show love for</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Identify some</li> <li>beliefs about why the</li> <li>world is not always a</li> <li>good place (e.g.</li> <li>Christian ideas of sin)</li> <li>Describe some</li> <li>examples of how</li> <li>people try to live (e.g.</li> <li>individuals and</li> <li>organisations)</li> </ul>

	• Describe what Christians do because they believe God is Creator (e.g. follow God, wonder at how amazing God's creation is; care for the Earth – some specific ways)		• Give examples of ibadah (worship) in Islam (e.g. prayer, fasting, celebrating) and describe what they involve.	Describe how Jews show their beliefs through worship in festivals, both at home and in wider communities	all, including how Christian leaders try to follow Jesus' teaching in different ways	• Identify some differences in how people put their beliefs into action
Skills	Make clear links     between Genesis 1     and what Christians     believe about God     and Creation     Ask questions and     suggest answers     about what might be     important in the     Creation story for     Christians and for     non-Christians living     today	Make links between the story of Noah and how we live in school and the wider world.	Raise questions and suggest answers about the value of submission and self-control to Muslims, and whether there are benefits for people who are not Muslims  Make links between the Muslim idea of living in harmony with the Creator and the need for all people to live in harmony with each other in the world today, giving good reasons for their ideas.	<ul> <li>Make clear links between the story of the Exodus and Jewish beliefs about God and his relationship with the Jewish people</li> <li>Make simple links between Jewish beliefs about God and his people and how Jews live (e.g. through celebrating forgiveness, salvation and freedom at festivals)</li> <li>Raise questions and suggest answers about whether it is good for Jews and everyone else to</li> </ul>	Make clear links between the calling of the first disciples and how Christians today try to follow Jesus and be 'fishers of people' • Suggest ideas and then find out about what Jesus' actions towards outcasts mean for a Christian • Make links between the importance of love in the Bible stories studied and life in the world today,	<ul> <li>Make links between religious beliefs and teachings and why people try to live and make the world a better place</li> <li>Make simple links between teachings about how to live and ways in which people try to make the world a better place (e.g. tikkun olam and the charity Tzedek)</li> <li>Raise questions and suggest answers about why the world is not always a good place, and what are the best ways of making it better</li> <li>Make links between some commands for living from religious</li> </ul>

				remember the past and look forward to the future  • Make links with the value of personal reflection, saying sorry, being forgiven, being grateful, seeking freedom and justice in the world today, including pupils' own lives, and giving good reasons for their ideas.	giving a good reason for their ideas	traditions, non-religious worldviews and pupils' own ideas • Express their own ideas about the best ways to make the world a better place, making links with religious ideas studied, giving good reasons for their views.
Year B 3+4	Autumn 1 Unit L2.3 What is the Trinity and why is it important for Christians?	Autumn 2 Unit L2.7 What do Hindus believe God is like?	Spring 1 Unit L2.8 What does it mean to be a Hindu in Britain today?	Spring 2 Unit L2.5 Why do Christians call the day Jesus died Good Friday?	Summer 1 Unit L2.6 For Christians, when Jesus left, what was the impact of Pentecost?	Summer 2 Unit L2.11 (Curriculum Kernrwek CK4RE) How and why do Cornish people mark the significant events of their life?
Knowledge  Making Sense Understanding Impact Making Connections	Recognise what a 'Gospel' is and give an example of the kinds of stories it contains  • Offer suggestions about what texts	Identify some Hindu deities and say how they help Hindus describe God • Make clear links between some stories (e.g. Svetaketu, Ganesh,	<ul> <li>Identify the terms         dharma, Sanatan         Dharma and Hinduism         and say what they         mean         Describe how Hindus         show their faith within     </li> </ul>	• Recognise the word 'Salvation', and that Christians believe Jesus came to 'save' or 'rescue' people, e.g. by	Make clear links between the story of Pentecost and Christian beliefs about the	Identify festivals that are unique to Cornwall and explain how they started  • Describe special times in The Cornish year

	The Charles of	D1 -12/1 1 -1	district selection in the selection	The second second	(1.1	tale age
	about baptism and	Diwali) and what Hindus	their families in Britain	showing them how	'kingdom of	Identify some
	Trinity mean	believe about God	today (e.g. home puja)	to live	God' on Earth	differences in how
	Describe how	<ul> <li>Offer informed</li> </ul>	Describe how Hindus	<ul> <li>Give examples of</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Give examples</li> </ul>	people celebrate
	Christians show their	suggestions about what	show their faith within	what Christians say	of what	community life e.g.
	beliefs about God the	Hindu murtis express	their faith	about the	Pentecost	different practices in
	Trinity in worship in	about God	communities in Britain	importance of the	means to some	local festivals and
	different ways (in	<ul> <li>Identify some</li> </ul>	today (e.g. arti and	events of Holy	Christians now	traditions
	baptism and prayer,	different ways in which	bhajans at the mandir;	Week	Describe how	
	for example) and in	Hindus worship	in festivals such as	Describe how	Christians show	
	the way they live		Diwali)	Christians show	their beliefs	
			-	their beliefs about	about the Holy	
				Jesus in worship in	Spirit in worship	
				different ways		
Skills	Give examples of	Make simple links	Make links between	Offer informed	• Offer	Offer informed
	what these texts	between beliefs about	Hindu practices and	suggestions about	informed	suggestions about the
	mean to some	God and how Hindus	the idea that Hinduism	what the events of	suggestions	meaning and
	Christians today	live (e.g. choosing a	is a whole 'way of life'	Holy Week mean to	about what the	importance of
	Make links between	deity and worshiping at	(dharma)	Christians	events of	ceremonies of
	some Bible texts	a home shrine;	<ul> <li>Raise questions and</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Make simple links</li> </ul>	Pentecost in	commitment for
	studied and the idea	celebrating Diwali)	suggest answers about	between the	Acts 2 might	religious and non-
	of God in Christianity,	Raise questions and	what is good about	Gospel accounts	mean	religious people
	expressing clearly	suggest answers about	being a Hindu in Britain	and how Christians	<ul> <li>Make simple</li> </ul>	today
	some ideas of their	whether it is good to	today, and whether	mark the Easter	links between	<ul> <li>Make simple links</li> </ul>
	own about what	think about the cycle of	taking part in family	events in their	the description	between beliefs and
	Christians believe God	create/preserve/destroy	and community rituals	communities	of Pentecost in	the importance of
	is like.	in the world today	is a good thing for	Raise thoughtful	Acts 2, the Holy	these special events
	is like.	Make links between	individuals and society,	questions and	Spirit, the	to the people of
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	•		Cornwall
		the Hindu idea of	giving good reasons for	suggest some	kingdom of	
		everyone having a	their ideas.	answers about why	God, and how	Raise questions and
		'spark' of God in them		Christians call the	Christians live	suggest answers
		and ideas about the		day Jesus died	now	about why it is
		value of people in the		'Good Friday',	Make links	important for
		world today, giving		giving good	between ideas	

		good reasons for their ideas.		reasons for their suggestions.	about the kingdom of God in the Bible and what people believe about following God today, giving good reasons for their ideas.	everyone to feel part of a community  • Make links behind festivals that mark different times of the year in Cornwall  • Give good reasons why they think ceremonies of commitment are or are not valuable today.
Year A 5+6	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
	Unit U2.1 What does it mean if Christians believe God is holy and loving?	Unit U2.8 What does it mean to be a Muslim in Britain today?	Unit U2.3 Why do Christians believe Jesus was the Messiah?	Unit U2.9 Why is the Torah so important to Jewish people?	Unit U2.4 Christians and how to live: 'What would Jesus do?'	Unit U2.10 What matters most to Humanists and Christians?
Knowledge  Making Sense Understanding Impact Making Connections	<ul> <li>Identify some different types of biblical texts, using technical terms accurately</li> <li>Explain connections between biblical texts and Christian ideas of God, using theological terms</li> <li>Show how Christians put their</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Identify and explain Muslim beliefs about God, the Prophet* and the Holy Qur'an (e.g. Tawhid; Muhammad as the Messenger, Qur'an as the message)</li> <li>Describe ways in which Muslim sources of authority guide Muslim living (e.g. Qur'an guidance on Five Pillars; Hajj practices</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Explain the place of Incarnation and Messiah within the 'big story' of the Bible</li> <li>Identify Gospel and prophecy texts, using technical terms</li> <li>Show how Christians put their beliefs about Jesus' Incarnation into practice in different ways in celebrating Christmas</li> </ul>	Identify and explain Jewish beliefs about God • Give examples of some texts that say what God is like and explain how Jewish people interpret them	• Identify features of Gospel texts (for example, teachings, parable, narrative)	Identify and explain beliefs about why people are good and bad (e.g. Christian and Humanist)  • Make links with sources of authority that tell people how to be good (e.g. Christian ideas of 'being made in the image of God' but 'fallen', and

	beliefs into practice in worship	follow example of the Prophet)  • Make clear connections between Muslim beliefs and ibadah (e.g. Five Pillars, festivals, mosques, art)  • Give evidence and examples to show how Muslims put their beliefs into practice in different ways	Comment on how the idea that Jesus is the Messiah makes sense in the wider story of the Bible			Humanists saying people can be 'good without God')
Skills	<ul> <li>Explain connections between biblical texts and Christian ideas of God, using theological terms</li> <li>Make clear connections between Bible texts studied and what Christians believe about God; for example, through how cathedrals are designed</li> <li>Weigh up how biblical ideas and teachings about God as holy and loving might make a difference in the world today, developing insights of their own.</li> </ul>	Make connections between Muslim beliefs studied and Muslim ways of living in Britain/Cornwall today • Consider and weigh up the value of e.g. submission, obedience, generosity, self-control and worship in the lives of Muslims today and articulate responses on how far they are valuable to people who are not Muslims • Reflect on and articulate what it is like to be a Muslim in Britain today, giving good reasons for their views.	<ul> <li>Explain connections between biblical texts, Incarnation and Messiah, using theological terms</li> <li>Weigh up how far the idea of Jesus as the 'Messiah' – a Saviour from God – is important in the world today and, if it is true, what difference that might make in people's lives, giving good reasons for their answers.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Make clear connections between Jewish beliefs about the Torah and how they use and treat it</li> <li>Make clear connections between Jewish commandments and how Jews live (e.g. in relation to kosher laws)</li> <li>Give evidence and examples to show how Jewish people put their beliefs into practice in different ways (e.g. some</li> </ul>	Taking account of the context, suggest meanings of Gospel texts studied, and compare their own ideas with ways in which Christians interpret biblical texts  • Make clear connections between Gospel texts, Jesus' 'good news', and how Christians live in the Christian community and	Make clear connections between Christian and Humanist ideas about being good and how people live     Suggest reasons why it might be helpful to follow a moral code and why it might be difficult, offering different points of view     Raise important questions and suggest answers about how and why people should be good     Make connections between the values studied and their own

	Unit U2.2 Creation and Science: conflicting or complimentary?	Unit U2.11 Why do some people believe in God and others do not?	Unit U2.7 Why do Hindus want to be good?	Unit U2.5 What do Christians believe Jesus did to save people?	Unit U2.6 For Christians, what kind of king was Jesus?	Unit U2.12 (Curriculum Kernewek CK4RE) How does faith help Cornish people when life gets hard?
Year B 5+6	Autumn 1 Unit U2.2	Autumn 2 Unit U2.11	Spring 1 Unit U2.7	beliefs studied and explain how and why they are important to Jewish people today • Consider and weigh up the value of e.g. tradition, ritual, community, study and worship in the lives of Jews today, and articulate responses on how far they are valuable to people who are not Jewish.  Spring 2  Unit U2.5	teachings (e.g. about peace, forgiveness, healing) and the issues, problems and opportunities in the world today, including their own lives  • Articulate their own responses to the issues studied, recognising different points of view.  Summer 1  Unit U2.6	Summer 2 Unit U2.12
				differences between Orthodox and Progressive Jewish practice) Make connections between Jewish	in their individual lives • Make connections between Christian	lives, and their importance in the world today, giving good reasons for their views.

Knowledge  Making Sense Understanding Impact Making Connections	Identify what type of text some Christians say Genesis 1 is, and its purpose     Show understanding of why many Christians find science and faith go together	Define the terms     'theist', 'atheist' and     'agnostic' and give     examples of statements     that reflect these beliefs     Identify and explain     what religious and non-     religious people believe     about God, saying     where they get their     ideas from     Give evidence and     examples to show how     Christians sometimes     disagree about what     God is like (e.g. some     differences in     interpreting Genesis)	<ul> <li>Identify and explain Hindu beliefs, e.g. dharma, karma, samsara, moksha, using technical terms accurately</li> <li>Give meanings for the story of the man in the well and explain how it relates to Hindu beliefs about samsara, moksha, etc.</li> </ul>	Outline the 'big story' of the Bible, explaining how Incarnation and Salvation fit within it     Explain what Christians mean when they say that Jesus' death was a sacrifice     Show how Christians put their beliefs into practice in different ways	Consider different possible meanings for the biblical texts studied, showing awareness of different interpretations     Show how Christians put their beliefs into practice in different ways	Describe at least three examples of ways in which world views in Cornwall guide people in how to respond to good and hard times in life     Identify beliefs about life after death in at least two religious traditions Give examples of ways in which beliefs about resurrection, judgement, heaven, reincarnation makes a difference to people's lives
Skills	• Taking account of the context, suggest what Genesis 1 might mean, and compare their ideas with ways in which Christians interpret it, showing awareness of different interpretations • Make clear connections between Genesis 1 and	<ul> <li>Make clear connections between what people believe about God and the impact of this belief on how they live</li> <li>Reflect on and articulate some ways in which believing in God is valuable in the lives of believers, and ways it can be challenging</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Make clear connections between Hindu beliefs about dharma, karma, samsara and moksha and ways in which Hindus live</li> <li>Connect the four Hindu aims of life and the four stages of life with beliefs about dharma, karma, moksha, etc.</li> </ul>	• Show how Christians put their beliefs into practice in different ways • Weigh up the value and impact of ideas of sacrifice in their own lives and the world today • Articulate their own responses to the idea of sacrifice,	<ul> <li>Explain connections between biblical texts and the concept of the kingdom of God</li> <li>Make clear connections between belief in the kingdom of God and how Christians put</li> </ul>	• Identify beliefs about life after death in at least two religious traditions, comparing and explaining similarities and differences Give examples of ways in which beliefs about resurrection, judgement, heaven, reincarnation makes

Christian belief about	<ul> <li>Consider and weigh</li> </ul>	Give evidence and	recognising	their beliefs	a difference to
God as Creator	up different views on	examples to show how	different points of	into practice	people's lives
<ul> <li>Identify key ideas</li> </ul>	theism, agnosticism and	Hindus put their beliefs	view.	<ul> <li>Relate the</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Offer a reasoned</li> </ul>
arising from their	atheism, expressing	into practice in		Christian	response to the unit
study of Genesis 1	insights of their own	different ways		'kingdom of	question, with
and comment on how	about why people	<ul> <li>Make connections</li> </ul>		God' model (i.e.	evidence and
far these are helpful	believe in God or not	between Hindu beliefs		loving others,	example, expressing
or inspiring, justifying	<ul> <li>Make connections</li> </ul>	studied (e.g. karma		serving the	insights of their own.
their responses	between belief and	and dharma), and		needy) to	Consider Cornwall as
<ul> <li>Weigh up how far</li> </ul>	behaviour in their own	explain how and why		issues,	a place of refuge,
the Genesis 1	lives, in the light of their	they are important to		problems and	inspiration and
creation narrative is	learning.	Hindus		opportunities in	challenge.
in conflict, or is		<ul> <li>Reflect on and</li> </ul>		the world today	
complementary, with		articulate what impact		<ul> <li>Articulate</li> </ul>	
a scientific account,		belief in karma and		their own	
giving good reasons		dharma might have on		responses to	
for their views.		individuals and the		the idea of the	
		world, recognising		importance of	
		different points of view		love and service	
				in the world	
				today.	